

1-{4-[4-(*p*-Chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxypiperidino]-2,2-diphenylbutyryl}pyrrolidine

BY G. GERMAIN, J. P. DECLERCQ* AND M. VAN MEERSSCHE

Laboratoire de Chimie Physique et de Cristallographie, Université de Louvain, 1 place Louis Pasteur, B-1348 Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium

AND M. H. J. KOCH

Research Laboratories, Janssen Pharmaceutica, B-2340 Beerse, Belgium

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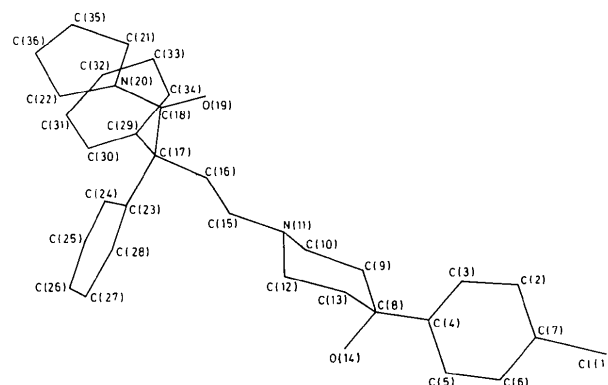
Abstract. $C_{31}H_{35}N_2O_2Cl$, $M_r = 503.06$; orthorhombic, *Pbca*; $a = 15.555$ (3), $b = 20.208$ (5), $c = 16.858$ (3) Å; $t = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $Z = 8$. Each molecule is involved in two hydrogen bonds: O(14)–O(19) 2.82 Å [O(19): $-\frac{1}{2} + x$, $y, \frac{1}{2} - z$] and O(19)–O(14) [O(14): $\frac{1}{2} + x, y, \frac{1}{2} - z$].

Introduction. The title compound is an antidiarrhoeal drug related to loperamide (Germain, Declercq, Van Meerssche & Koch, 1977). Transparent colourless crystals were obtained from a solution in ethanol. The space group was determined from Weissenberg photographs. Final cell dimensions and intensities were

measured on a Picker four-circle diffractometer with the experimental conditions given in Table 1. The structure was solved with *MULTAN* (Germain, Main & Woolfson, 1971) and refined by block-diagonal least squares (Ahmed, Hall, Pippy & Huber, 1966). The final

Table 2. Final positional parameters ($\times 10^4$), with standard deviations in parentheses

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>
C(1)	4120 (1)	7316 (1)	6808 (1)
C(2)	4887 (4)	6795 (3)	5524 (3)
C(3)	4875 (3)	6427 (3)	4815 (2)
C(4)	4122 (3)	6146 (2)	4517 (2)
C(5)	3376 (3)	6209 (2)	4968 (3)
C(6)	3371 (3)	6564 (2)	5686 (3)
C(7)	4122 (3)	6851 (2)	5948 (3)
C(8)	4135 (2)	5767 (2)	3745 (2)
C(9)	4574 (3)	6182 (2)	3089 (2)
C(10)	4726 (3)	5775 (2)	2332 (3)
N(11)	5231 (2)	5178 (2)	2500 (2)
C(12)	4750 (3)	4756 (2)	3058 (3)
C(13)	4624 (3)	5111 (2)	3842 (2)
O(14)	3290 (2)	5658 (1)	3445 (2)
C(15)	5403 (3)	4820 (2)	1751 (2)
C(16)	6135 (3)	4326 (2)	1865 (2)
C(17)	6372 (3)	3928 (2)	1093 (2)
C(18)	6854 (3)	4392 (2)	509 (2)
O(19)	7034 (2)	4963 (1)	716 (2)
N(20)	7108 (2)	4170 (2)	–198 (2)
C(21)	7011 (4)	3497 (3)	–541 (3)
C(22)	7591 (3)	4619 (3)	–724 (3)
C(23)	5544 (2)	3647 (2)	755 (2)
C(24)	5152 (3)	3910 (2)	74 (3)
C(25)	4345 (3)	3681 (2)	–170 (3)
C(26)	3916 (3)	3205 (2)	259 (3)
C(27)	4283 (3)	2961 (2)	947 (3)
C(28)	5087 (3)	3182 (2)	1192 (2)
C(29)	7045 (3)	3398 (2)	1356 (2)
C(30)	6949 (3)	2724 (2)	1237 (3)
C(31)	7568 (3)	2277 (2)	1519 (3)
C(32)	8296 (3)	2506 (2)	1920 (3)
C(33)	8407 (3)	3188 (2)	2023 (3)
C(34)	7793 (3)	3623 (2)	1743 (3)
C(35)	7775 (3)	4191 (3)	–1460 (3)
C(36)	7623 (4)	3507 (3)	–1222 (4)

Fig. 1. Conformation and numbering scheme of $C_{31}H_{35}N_2O_2Cl$.

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Table 1. Experimental conditions

Source Cu $K\alpha$, $\lambda = 1.5418$ Å
 ω - 2θ scan; $\theta_{\max} = 50^\circ$
 Confidence level: 2.5
 Total number of independent reflexions: 2722
 Total observed: 2367

Table 3. *Intramolecular bond distances (Å) and angles (°), with standard deviations in parentheses*

Cl(1)–C(7)	1.727 (5)	C(2)–C(7)–C(6)	121.8 (5)
C(2)–C(3)	1.408 (7)	C(4)–C(8)–C(9)	110.3 (3)
C(2)–C(7)	1.392 (8)	C(4)–C(8)–C(13)	110.6 (3)
C(3)–C(4)	1.394 (7)	C(4)–C(8)–O(14)	111.8 (3)
C(4)–C(5)	1.393 (6)	C(9)–C(8)–C(13)	109.0 (3)
C(4)–C(8)	1.510 (6)	C(9)–C(8)–C(14)	103.8 (3)
C(5)–C(6)	1.407 (7)	C(13)–C(8)–O(14)	111.1 (3)
C(6)–C(7)	1.377 (7)	C(8)–C(9)–C(10)	111.8 (3)
C(8)–C(9)	1.546 (6)	C(9)–C(10)–N(11)	111.3 (3)
C(8)–C(13)	1.538 (6)	C(10)–N(11)–C(12)	109.1 (3)
C(8)–O(14)	1.426 (5)	C(10)–N(11)–C(15)	109.6 (3)
C(9)–C(10)	1.538 (6)	C(12)–N(11)–C(15)	110.7 (3)
C(10)–N(11)	1.467 (5)	N(11)–C(12)–C(13)	110.4 (3)
N(11)–C(12)	1.473 (6)	C(8)–C(13)–C(12)	112.2 (3)
N(11)–C(15)	1.480 (5)	N(11)–C(15)–C(16)	110.4 (3)
C(12)–C(13)	1.517 (6)	C(15)–C(16)–C(17)	113.9 (3)
C(15)–C(16)	1.527 (6)	C(16)–C(17)–C(18)	109.2 (3)
C(16)–C(17)	1.573 (6)	C(16)–C(17)–C(23)	107.6 (3)
C(17)–C(18)	1.552 (6)	C(16)–C(17)–C(29)	105.9 (3)
C(17)–C(23)	1.519 (6)	C(18)–C(17)–C(23)	113.4 (3)
C(17)–C(29)	1.560 (6)	C(19)–C(17)–C(29)	105.7 (3)
C(18)–O(19)	1.239 (5)	C(23)–C(17)–C(29)	114.8 (3)
C(18)–N(20)	1.333 (6)	C(17)–C(18)–C(19)	119.6 (4)
N(20)–C(21)	1.485 (7)	C(17)–C(18)–N(20)	120.5 (4)
N(20)–C(22)	1.473 (6)	O(19)–C(18)–N(20)	119.8 (4)
C(21)–C(36)	1.491 (8)	C(18)–N(20)–C(21)	128.7 (4)
C(22)–C(35)	1.539 (8)	C(18)–N(20)–C(22)	118.9 (4)
C(23)–C(24)	1.409 (6)	C(21)–N(20)–C(22)	112.4 (4)
C(23)–C(28)	1.389 (6)	N(20)–C(21)–C(36)	102.9 (4)
C(24)–C(25)	1.400 (7)	N(20)–C(22)–C(35)	103.5 (4)
C(25)–C(26)	1.377 (7)	C(17)–C(23)–C(24)	122.2 (4)
C(26)–C(27)	1.383 (7)	C(17)–C(23)–C(28)	119.2 (3)
C(27)–C(28)	1.392 (6)	C(24)–C(23)–C(28)	117.9 (4)
C(29)–C(30)	1.385 (6)	C(23)–C(24)–C(25)	120.3 (4)
C(29)–C(34)	1.410 (6)	C(24)–C(25)–C(26)	120.7 (4)
C(30)–C(31)	1.403 (6)	C(25)–C(26)–C(27)	119.4 (4)
C(31)–C(32)	1.398 (7)	C(26)–C(27)–C(28)	120.3 (4)
C(32)–C(33)	1.399 (7)	C(23)–C(28)–C(27)	121.3 (4)
C(33)–C(34)	1.381 (7)	C(17)–C(29)–C(30)	124.2 (4)
C(35)–C(36)	1.458 (9)	C(17)–C(29)–C(34)	117.6 (4)
C(3)–C(2)–C(7)	117.8 (5)	C(30)–C(29)–C(34)	118.2 (4)
C(2)–C(3)–C(4)	122.1 (5)	C(29)–C(30)–C(31)	120.8 (4)
C(3)–C(4)–C(5)	117.7 (4)	C(30)–C(31)–C(32)	120.4 (4)
C(3)–C(4)–C(8)	120.4 (4)	C(31)–C(32)–C(33)	119.1 (4)
C(5)–C(4)–C(8)	121.9 (4)	C(32)–C(33)–C(34)	119.9 (4)
C(4)–C(5)–C(6)	121.4 (4)	C(29)–C(34)–C(35)	121.6 (4)
C(5)–C(6)–C(7)	119.0 (4)	C(22)–C(35)–C(36)	106.4 (5)
Cl(1)–C(7)–C(2)	118.4 (4)	C(21)–C(36)–C(35)	109.1 (5)
Cl(1)–C(7)–C(6)	119.7 (4)		

Table 4. *Torsion angles (°) in the title compound (A) and in loperamide (B)*

	A	B
C(8)–C(13)–C(12)–N(11)	59	57
C(12)–N(11)–C(15)–C(16)	–76	–71
N(11)–C(15)–C(16)–C(17)	–179	–174
C(15)–C(16)–C(17)–C(18)	73	73
C(15)–C(16)–C(17)–C(23)	–50	–50
C(15)–C(16)–C(17)–C(29)	–173	–174
C(16)–C(17)–C(18)–N(20)	–178	–179
C(16)–C(17)–C(23)–C(24)	106	109
C(16)–C(17)–C(29)–C(30)	123	123

$R = \sum |F_o| - |F_c| / |F_o|$ is 0.09 for all observed reflexions.* The scattering factors were those given in *International Tables for X-ray Crystallography* (1962). The final coordinates are given in Table 2.

Discussion. The conformation of the molecule and the numbering scheme are shown in Fig. 1, the bond distances and angles in Table 3. The torsion angles defining the conformation are given in Table 4 together with the corresponding values for loperamide (Germain, Declercq, Van Meerssche & Koch, 1977).

The hydrogen bonds are as described in the *Abstract*.

* Lists of structure factors and anisotropic thermal parameters have been deposited with the British Library Lending Division as Supplementary Publication No. SUP 32478 (18 pp.). Copies may be obtained through The Executive Secretary, International Union of Crystallography, 13 White Friars, Chester CH1 1NZ, England.

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